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$\begin{array}{c} \text{Quiz 2} \\ \text{Physics 105} \\ \text{16 September 2002} \end{array}$

- 1. The distance from the Earth to the sun is 1.5×10^{11} m and the speed of light is 3×10^8 m/s. How many seconds does it take for light from the sun to reach the Earth?
 - (a) 2×10^{-3} s
 - (b) $2 \times 10^3 \text{ s}$
 - \Rightarrow (c) 5×10^2 s
 - (d) 5×10^{-2} s
 - (e) 8 s
- 2. According to Newtonian physics, an object with no forces acting on it must
 - (a) fall.
 - (b) eventually come to rest.
 - (c) be at rest.
 - ⇒ (d) either be at rest or have constant velocity.
 - (e) be accelerated, with an unchanging acceleration.
- 3. Suppose you are on the moon and you drop a rock and a feather at the same time. You will find that
 - \Rightarrow (a) the two fall at the same rate, but slower than a rock would fall on Earth.
 - (b) the two fall at the same rate, which is the same as that on Earth.
 - (c) the rock falls faster than the feather, although both fall slower than on Earth.
 - (d) the rock falls faster than the feather, although both fall at the same rates as on Earth.
 - (e) they don't fall—they remain suspended above the surface of the moon.
- 4. The force needed to maintain a body at constant speed in outer space (far from all outside influences) is equal to
 - (a) the mass of the body.
 - \Rightarrow (b) zero.
 - (c) the weight of the body.
 - (d) the force required to stop it.
 - (e) none of these.