

No cloning theorem

Suppose we have a "magical" operator ($\hat{C}$) which takes any state to be "erased" i.e) and convert it to a given clone of the input:

$$(*) \quad |\psi\rangle |e\rangle \xrightarrow{\hat{C}} |\psi\rangle |\psi\rangle$$

$\uparrow$
template
 $\uparrow$
clone

$$(**) \quad |\psi\rangle |e\rangle \xrightarrow{\hat{C}} |\psi\rangle |\psi\rangle$$

$\downarrow$
 $\downarrow$

Note that we need to keep input or template

Now let's calculate

$$\alpha(*) + \beta(**) \xrightarrow{\hat{C}} \alpha|\psi\rangle|\psi\rangle + \beta|\psi\rangle|\psi\rangle \quad (1)$$

|| from other hand we do

$$(\alpha|\psi\rangle + \beta|\psi\rangle)|e\rangle \xrightarrow{\hat{C}} (\alpha|\psi\rangle + \beta|\psi\rangle)(\alpha|\psi\rangle + \beta|\psi\rangle)$$

$$= \alpha^2|\psi\rangle|\psi\rangle + \beta^2|\psi\rangle|\psi\rangle + \alpha\beta(|\psi\rangle|\psi\rangle + |\psi\rangle|\psi\rangle) \quad (2)$$

Clearly RHS of eq.1 is not the same as
RHS of eq.2, So we arrive to
the contradiction !

$\Rightarrow$ Cloning is impossible in a general case.

This has an important implication:

Security of quantum communication,
since you cannot eavesdrop / remove states
from a channel, clone, and
do measurements on clones undetected.

Note that teleporting is possible and
was demonstrated with photons:

$| \Psi \rangle | e \rangle \xrightarrow{\hat{I}} | 0 \rangle | \Psi \rangle$ undetermined