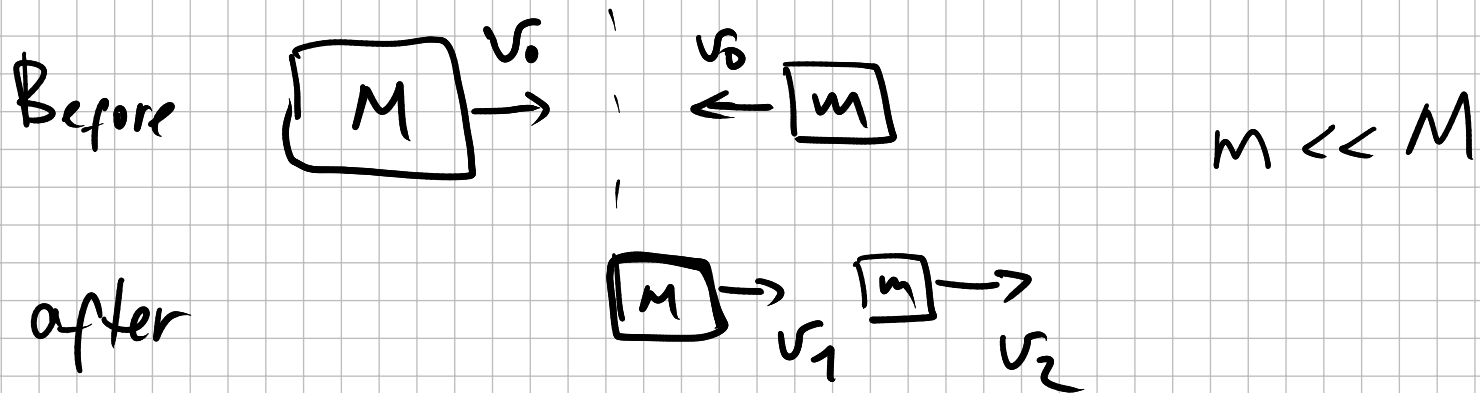


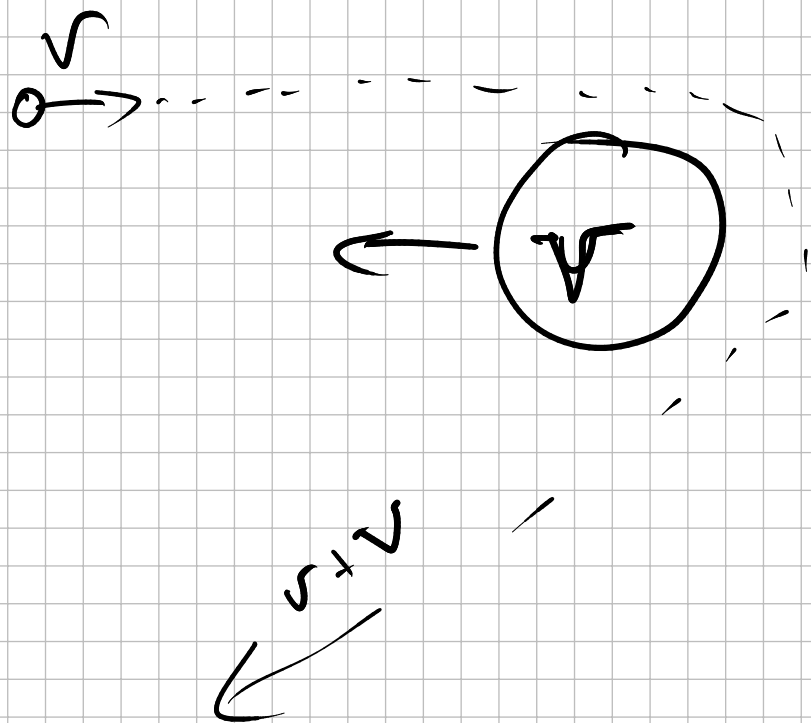
Elastic collision



$$v_2 = 3v_0, \quad -v_0$$

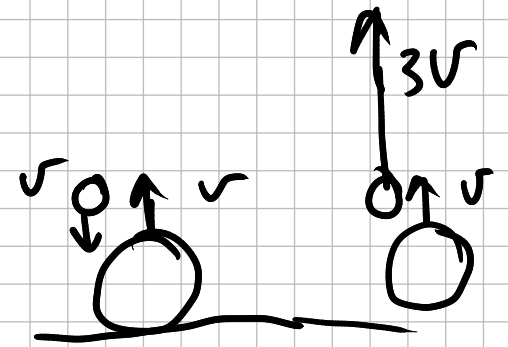
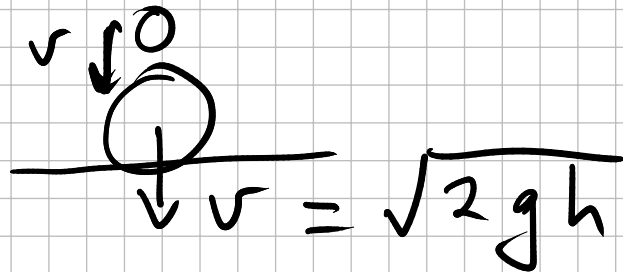
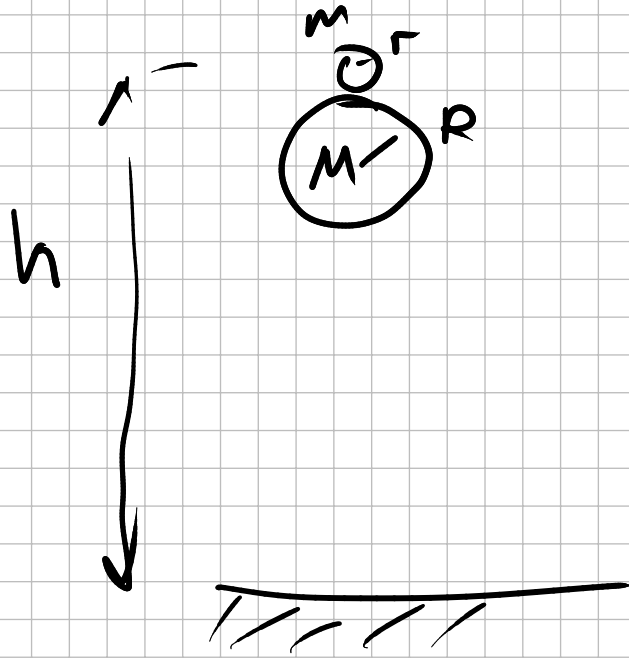
Boring
no collision

$$v_1 = \frac{M-m}{M} v_0 - \frac{m}{M} v_2 \approx v_0$$



Galileo canon

$$h \gg R, r$$
$$M \gg m$$



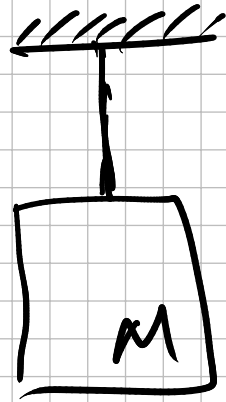
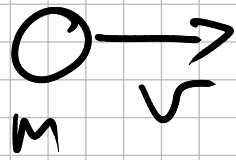
$$m \frac{v_f^2}{2} = mg H_f$$

$$\frac{m(3v)^2}{2} = m \frac{3^2 2gh}{2} = mg H_f$$

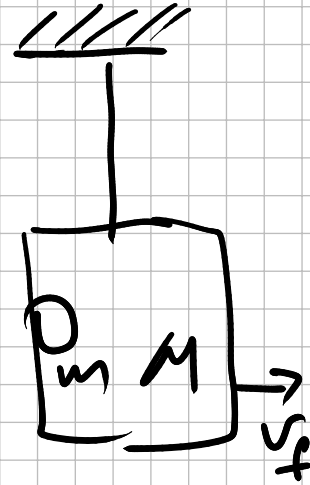
$$H_f = gh$$

Ballistic pendulum

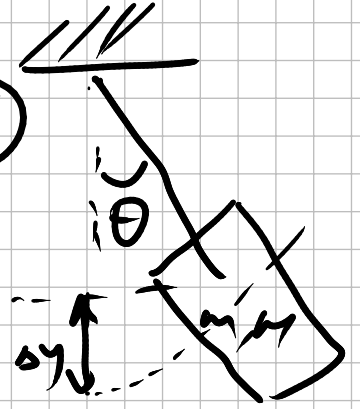
①



②



③



$$P = m\vec{v} + M\cdot\vec{0}$$

$$E_i = m\frac{v^2}{2} + M\frac{0^2}{2}$$

$$= (m+M)v_f$$

\neq not conserved

$$E_f = \frac{(m+M)}{2} v_f^2$$

Kinetic

$$= \frac{(m+M)g\cdot y}{2}$$

Potential

$$\rightarrow X: v_f = \frac{mv}{m+M}$$

$$\rightarrow K_f = \frac{(m+M)}{2} v_f^2 = \frac{(m+M)}{2} \left(\frac{m}{m+M}\right)^2 v^2 = \frac{m^2}{2} \frac{v^2}{m+M} \neq \frac{mv^2}{2}$$

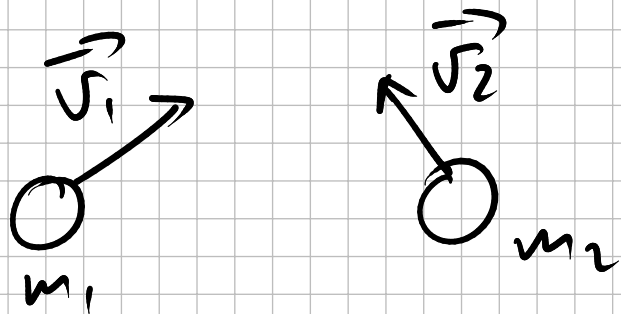
$$K_f = U_f$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \frac{m^2 v^2}{M+m} = (M+m)g \Delta y$$

$$\Delta y = \left(\frac{m}{M+m} \right)^2 \frac{v^2}{2g}$$

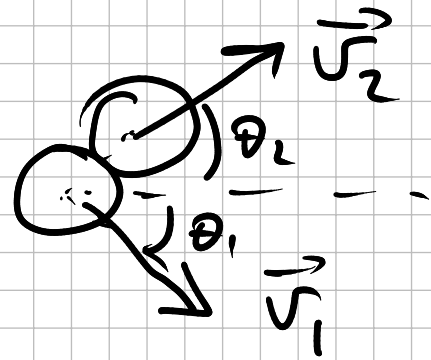
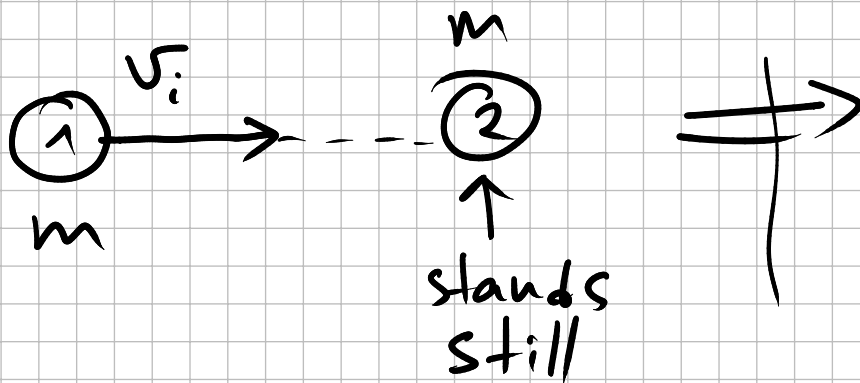
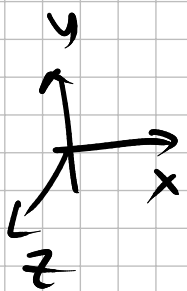
General case in 3D

$\sum_i \vec{p}_i = \text{constant}$, if there are no total external forces



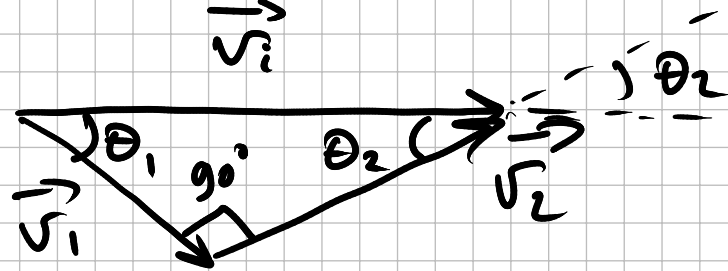
$$m_1 \vec{v}_1 + m_2 \vec{v}_2 = \text{constant}$$

Game of Billiard: $m_1 = m_2 = m$



$$\vec{p} = m \vec{v}_i + m \cdot 0 = m \vec{v}_1 + m \vec{v}_2$$

$$\vec{v}_i = \vec{v}_1 + \vec{v}_2$$



Energij

$$\frac{m v_i^2}{2} + \frac{m \cdot 0^2}{2} = \frac{m v_1^2}{2} + \frac{m v_2^2}{2}$$

$$v_i^2 = v_1^2 + v_2^2$$

Right angle triangle

$$\theta_1 + \theta_2 = 90^\circ$$

$$v_1 = v_i \cos \theta_1$$

$$v_2 = v_i \cos \theta_2 = v_i \sin \theta_1$$

$$\theta_1 \in (-90^\circ, 90^\circ)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \vec{F}_{\text{ext}} &= \frac{d}{dt} \vec{p}_{\text{tot}} \\
 &= \frac{d}{dt} \sum_i m_i \vec{v}_i \\
 &= \frac{d}{dt} \sum_i m_i \frac{d\vec{r}_i}{dt} \\
 &= \frac{d^2}{dt^2} \left(\sum_i m_i \vec{r}_i \right) \cdot \left(\frac{\sum_i m_i}{\sum_i m_i} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$= \boxed{M_{\text{tot}} = \sum m_i} \cdot \left(\sum_i m_i \right) \frac{d^2}{dt^2} \frac{\sum m_i \vec{r}_i}{M_{\text{tot}}}$$

$$\boxed{\vec{F}_{\text{ext}} = M_{\text{tot}} \frac{d^2}{dt^2} \vec{r}_{\text{cm}}}$$

$$\boxed{\vec{r}_{\text{cm}} = \frac{\sum m_i \vec{r}_i}{M_{\text{tot}}}}$$

Center of mass position