# Homework 03 Name:

## Problem 1 (10 points)

In class we discussed the importance of the dimensionless fine-structure constant

$$\alpha = \frac{e^2}{\hbar c} \approx \frac{1}{137}$$

which was used to calculate Hydrogen-like atom relativistic corrections to energy (see chapter 11.5).

Plug the fundamental constants in SI units and calculate  $\alpha$  for 3 extra digits. Do you see a problem? What is missing in the definition? Why is it missing?

### Problem 2 (10 points)

Prove Hellmann–Feynman theorem, which states: if Hamiltonian depends on parameter  $\lambda$  and its eigen energy and state depend on  $\lambda$  as as well, i.e. we have  $\hat{\mathbf{H}} |\psi_{\lambda}\rangle = E_{\lambda} |\psi_{\lambda}\rangle$  then

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}E}{\mathrm{d}\lambda} = \left\langle \psi_{\lambda} \right| \frac{\mathrm{d}\hat{\mathbf{H}}}{\mathrm{d}\lambda} \left| \psi_{\lambda} \right\rangle$$

Hint:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}E}{\mathrm{d}\lambda} = \frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}\lambda} \left\langle \psi_{\lambda} \right| \hat{\mathbf{H}} \left| \psi_{\lambda} \right\rangle$$

#### Problem 3 (10 points)

Using Hellmann–Feynman theorem, calculate

$$\left\langle n,l,m \left| \frac{1}{r} \right| n,l,m \right\rangle$$

for Hydrogen-like atom. Hint:

$$\hat{\mathbf{H}}_{r} = -\frac{\hbar^{2}}{2\mu} \frac{\mathrm{d}^{2}}{\mathrm{d}r^{2}} + \frac{\hbar^{2}}{2\mu} \frac{l(l+1)}{r^{2}} - Z \frac{e^{2}}{r}$$

$$\hat{\mathbf{H}}_{r} \left| R_{nl} \right\rangle = -\frac{\mu e^{4} Z^{2}}{2\hbar^{2} (N+l)^{2}} \left| R_{nl} \right\rangle \tag{1}$$

#### Problem 4 (10 points)

Calculate the first-order correction to the ground and first excited states of a one dimensional harmonic oscillator due to the relativistic correction to its kinetic energy. The mass of the oscillator is m, and its natural frequency is  $\omega$ .

What would be an analog of "fine structure constant" in this system?