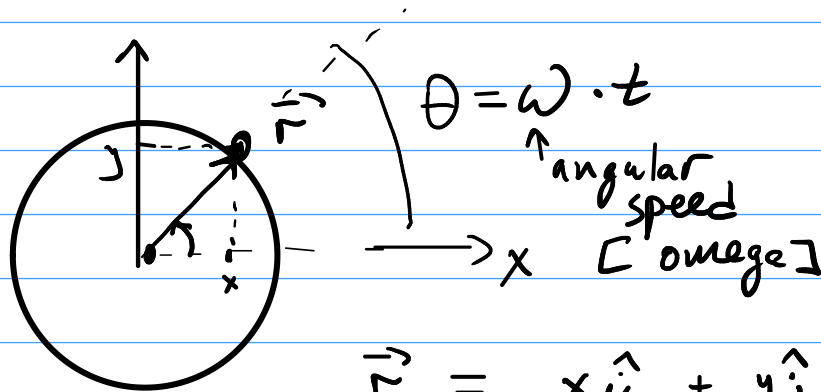


Uniform circular motion



ω - need to be in radians

$$\begin{aligned}\vec{r} &= x\hat{i} + y\hat{j} = \\ &= r \cdot \cos\theta \cdot \hat{i} + r \cdot \sin\theta \cdot \hat{j} \\ &= r \cdot \cos(\omega t) \cdot \hat{i} + r \cdot \sin(\omega t) \cdot \hat{j}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\vec{v} &= \frac{d\vec{r}}{dt} = r \cdot \frac{d}{dt} (\cos\omega t \hat{i} + \sin\omega t \hat{j}) = \\ &= r \cdot \left[\hat{i} (-\sin\omega t) \frac{d\omega t}{dt} + \hat{j} \cos(\omega t) \frac{d\omega t}{dt} \right] \\ &= r \left[\hat{i} (-\sin(\omega t)) \omega + \hat{j} \cos(\omega t) \omega \right]\end{aligned}$$

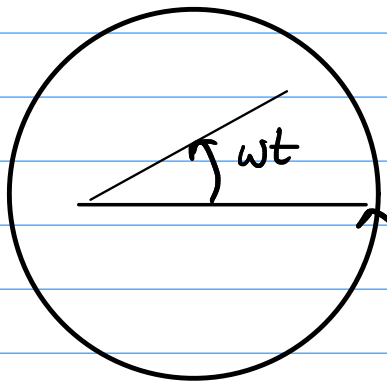
$$\begin{aligned}\vec{a} &= \frac{d\vec{v}}{dt} = r \cdot \left(\hat{i} (-\cos(\omega t)) \omega^2 + \hat{j} (-\sin(\omega t)) \omega^2 \right) \\ &= -\omega^2 (r \cos(\omega t) \cdot \hat{i} + r \sin(\omega t) \cdot \hat{j})\end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{\vec{a} = -\omega^2 \vec{r}}$$

centripetal acceleration

$$\boxed{a = +\omega^2 r = \frac{v^2}{r^2} r = \frac{v^2}{r}}$$

$$360^\circ = 2\pi \text{ radians}$$



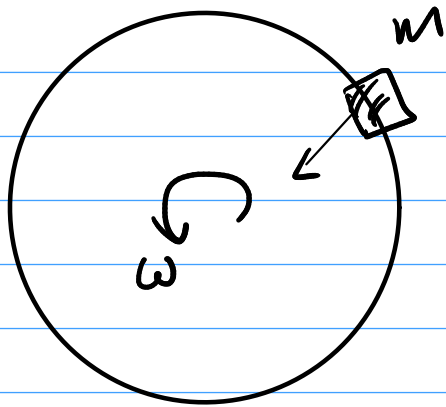
T
↑ period

$$\omega = \frac{2\pi}{T}$$

$$v = \frac{2\pi r}{T}$$

$$\boxed{v = \omega r}$$

linear speed → ← angular speed



$$\vec{F}_{\text{net}} = m \cdot a = m \cdot \omega^2 r$$

provided by friction

$$F_{\text{fr}} \leq \mu mg$$

$$a = \omega^2 r = \frac{v^2}{r}$$

Top: $ma_y = -m \frac{v^2}{r} = -N - mg$

$$N = \frac{mv^2}{r} - mg \geq 0$$

Bottom:

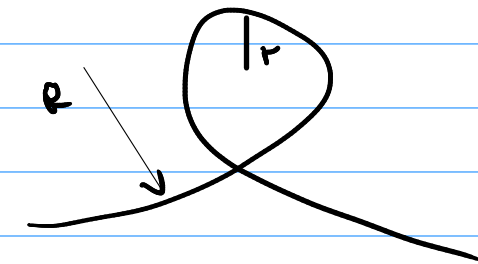
$$ma = ma_y = m \frac{v^2}{r} = N - mg$$

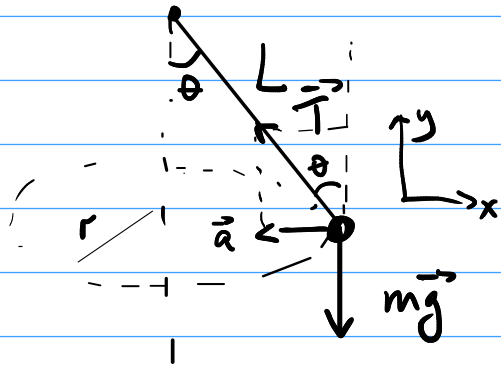
$$N = \frac{mv^2}{r} + mg = 2mg$$

↑ scale reading

smallest speed $\Leftrightarrow N = 0$

$$\frac{mv^2}{r} = mg$$





$$m\vec{a} = \vec{T} + m\vec{g}$$

$$\vec{a} = \left(-\frac{v^2}{r} \hat{i} + 0 \hat{j} \right)$$

$$y: m \cdot 0 = T \cos \theta - mg$$

$$T = \frac{mg}{\cos \theta}$$

$$x: -m \frac{v^2}{r} = -T \sin \theta + 0$$

$$+ \frac{mv^2}{r} = + \frac{mg}{\cos \theta} \sin \theta = mg \tan \theta$$

$$\boxed{\tan \theta = \frac{v^2}{r}}$$