

Midterm 02

Due date Monday October 25th of 2010 at 1pm.

Discuss relevant equations, describe your solution, show results. All Matlab code/scripts must be present in the carbon copy as well.

Bio hazard spread problem (100 points total)

We will model a quite simple 2D model of the virus spread.

Imagine that aliens are invading the Earth. Your team's job is to organize the most productive resistance (i.e. the one which generates the most of counter alien equipment for given number of days). Once you get your team you spread them randomly and uniformly across the available area (with only 1 person per cell).

The aliens do not care about the Geneva convention and actively use bio weapons. On the very first day, aliens were able to infect 100 people (or all of your group if its size is less than 100 people) at random places with a virus. Luckily it happens only once. The virus has following properties

- the probability to transfer the virus to the next cell neighbor in all 4 directions is the same and equal to 0.1 per day
- probability of dying from this virus is .05 per turn/day
- there is no cure for this virus
- virus can not jump to an empty (unpopulated) cell

Due to lack of timing for a better simulation, we have to make a reasonably simple model of the virus spread and the production of counter-alien equipment.

Imagine that you are in charge of the square territory of 100x100 cells. Each cell might have a human living or be empty. During each day (i.e. iteration) all live members generate 1 unit of the counter-alien equipment per capita (it does not matter if a person is ill or healthy). Then they talk to the next cell neighbors to exchange the news and updated blueprints (radio is jammed by aliens) in the four directions (north, south, west and east). If one of the neighbors has the alien's virus it has a probability to transfer to the other one according to the virus specification. Then this virus try to kill infected people. If a person dies in a certain cell that cell is treated as empty.

Task 1 (40 points):

Program a probabilistic model of the virus spread on the given territory for a given population. Write a function which calculates how many equipment units will be produced for 10000 days of resistance.

Book keeping: Keep population statistic in the 2D array called 'AreaMap' with the size of the area dimensions. Assign 1 to the empty cell, 2 to the healthy human, 3 to the ill/infected human.

It is convenient to look at the area map from time to time during debugging to see how the virus has spread. Use the following code to output the image of the area.

```
% assigns black to the empty cell,  
% green to the healthy human, and red to the ill person  
population_colormap=[ 0,0,0; 0,1,0; 1,0,0];  
image(AreaMap), colormap(population_colormap); % outputs the map image
```

Task 2 (20 points):

How many people will you take under your command? Using the function optimization algorithm (golden search or matlab built in), find the optimal resistance group size.

Task 3 (20 points): Make a movie of your group map evolution for the optimal group size. At the beginning of every **100th** day execute the following

```
population_colormap=[ 0,0,0; 0,1,0; 1,0,0];  
image(AreaMap), colormap(population_colormap); % outputs the map image  
% frame_counter must start from 1  
map_evolution_movie(frame_counter)=getframe;  
frame_counter=frame_counter+1;  
% this movie can be played with the 'movie' command  
% i.e. movie(map_evolution_movie);
```

Save this movie at the very end of the simulation of the virus spread.

```
save('movie_file.mat', map_evolution_movie);
```

Attach this movie file 'movie_file.mat' to your electronic submission.

You can check the validity of movie with the following commands

```
load('movie_file.mat');  
movie(map_evolution_movie);
```

Task 4 (10 points):

Plot accumulated production vs number of days since the virus introduction for the optimal group size.

Task 5 (10 points):

Plot accumulated number of people killed by virus vs day number for the optimal group size.