Josh Erlich

Physics 722, Spring 2007Problem Set 1: Discrete Symmetries due Thursday, Feb 8

1. P, C and T

a) Determine the action of P, C and T on the fermion bilinears $\overline{\psi}\psi$, $i\overline{\psi}\gamma^5\psi$, $\overline{\psi}\gamma^{\mu}\psi$, $\overline{\psi}\gamma^{\mu}\gamma^5\psi$, and $i\overline{\psi}[\gamma^{\mu},\gamma^{\nu}]\psi$.

b) Convince yourself that any Lorentz invariant formed by fermion bilinears and/or space-time derivatives is invariant under the combined transformation CPT.

c) Convince yourself that QED is invariant under C, P, and T independently. How does the electromagnetic field A_{μ} transform?

d) What are the discrete symmetries of the following Lagrangians? (Write the transformations of the fields which leave the action invariant.)

$$\mathcal{L} = \overline{\psi}(i\partial \!\!\!/ - m)\psi + \frac{1}{2}(\partial_{\mu}\phi)^{2} + g\overline{\psi}\psi\phi$$
$$\mathcal{L} = \overline{\psi}(i\partial \!\!\!/ - m)\psi + \frac{1}{2}(\partial_{\mu}\phi)^{2} + ig\overline{\psi}\gamma^{5}\psi\phi$$
$$\mathcal{L} = \overline{\psi}(i\partial \!\!\!/ - m - eA)\psi - \frac{1}{4}F_{\mu\nu}F^{\mu\nu} + ig\overline{\psi}[\gamma^{\mu}, \gamma^{\nu}]\psi F_{\mu\nu}$$